



CITIES AND TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
(Formerly known as RAS MEADOWS PRIVATE LIMITED)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members,
RAS Cities And Townships Private Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their Eighteenth Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors Report for the financial year from 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023 (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Year").

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS	The Company has earned a profit of Rs.13,75,12,870/- during the Financial Year; which has been carried to the Balance Sheet. It is on account of inter-corporate deposits of Rs.17,00,00,000/- written back as the same were no longer payable.
2. SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATES / JOINT VENTURES	<p>The Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding dated 13th May, 2022 with the promoters of Sony Money Developers Private Limited ('SMDPL') for acquiring 10,000 equity shares of Rs.10/- each of SMDPL being 100% of total paid-up capital of SMDPL. The said transfer of 10,000 equity shares of SMDPL to the Company was completed on 9th June, 2022.</p> <p>SMDPL is in the business of acquiring property, real estate by way of purchase, lease or otherwise and to develop property, real estate and to turn to account such property, real estate by way of sale, lease, renting out or otherwise.</p> <p>The Company does not have any associate or joint venture.</p> <p>Pursuant to Section 129(3) read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiary company is annexed herewith.</p>
3. DIVIDEND	The Directors have not recommended payment of any dividend for the Financial Year.
4. TRANSFER TO RESERVE(S)	No amount has been transferred to general or other reserves.
5. SHARE CAPITAL	The authorised and paid up share capital of the Company as at 31 st March, 2023 stood at Rs. 1,00,000/-. During the Financial Year, the Company has not issued shares nor has granted any stock option or sweat equity.
6. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD	During the Financial Year, 10 (Ten) Board Meetings were duly held on 6 th April, 2022, 4 th May, 2022, 13 th May, 2022, 16 th May, 2022, 10 th June, 2022, 12 th July, 2022, 8 th September, 2022, 19 th September, 2022, 12 th December, 2022 and 20 th March, 2023. The intervening gap between the Board meetings was not more than 120 days as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. Details of attendance by each Director at the said Board meetings are as under:

RAS CITIES AND TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office : 312, Road No.25, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad - 500 033. India E-mail : rctpl@ajrinfra.in • CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148

Corporate Office : 3rd Floor, Plot No. 3/8, Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Bellard Estate, Mumbai - 400 038. India

•Tel.: 91-22-6748 7200 • Fax : 91 - 22 - 6748 7201



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Name of Directors		Board Meetings attended during Financial year	
Mr. Ravindra Desai		10	
Ms. Charushila Choche		10	
Mr. Gajendra Kakde		10	

7. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Charushila Choche retires by rotation at the next Annual General Meeting and has offered for re-appointment. The Board of Directors comprises of Mr. Ravindra Desai, Ms. Charushila Choche and Mr. Gajendra Kakde.

8. KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Provisions of Section 203 are not applicable to the Company; hence there is no mandatory requirement to appoint key managerial personnel.

9. STATUTORY AUDITOR & AUDITOR'S REPORT

At the Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company held on 23rd September, 2019, M/s. S V Yadav And Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company upto the conclusion of the 19th Annual General Meeting.

AUDITORS REPORT:

The Auditors have made a qualified opinion in their Report, relating to the carrying value of investments in equity shares of Sony Mony Developers Private Limited ('SMDPL') has been disclosed at cost as at 31st March, 2023. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of investment in SMDPL amounting to Rs.25,584.45 (in thousands) and the consequent impact thereof on other comprehensive income.

Management explanation to the Auditor's qualification:

SMDPL is in the business of acquiring property, real estate by way of purchase, lease or otherwise and to develop property, real estate and to turn to account such property, real estate by way of sale, lease, renting out or otherwise. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2023, revenue from operations of SMDPL were Rs.7,540.76 Lakhs (PY Rs.864.49 Lakhs).

10. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- in the preparation of the annual financial statements, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the Assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

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	d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.
11.	CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS
	There has been no change in the nature of business during the Financial Year.
12.	ANNUAL RETURN
	Since the Company does not have any website, provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
13.	PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES
	There are no particulars to be disclosed under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
14.	INFORMATION UNDER THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013
	As the Company does not have any women employees on its payrolls, the Company was not required to formulate any policy on prevention of sexual harassment at workplace.
15.	DEPOSITS
	The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.
16.	PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS
	Being an infrastructure company, the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to loans, guarantees and investments made by the Company are not applicable to the Company.
17.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
	The Company has not made any related party transactions covered under the provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 hence prescribed Form AOC-2 is not applicable.
18.	SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS
	There are no significant / material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.
19.	SECRETARIAL STANDARDS
	The Company has complied with all applicable Secretarial Standards.
20.	TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND
	Your Company does not have any amount / shares due to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.
21.	CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)
	CSR related provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply to the Company as the Company does not meet turnover or networth criteria prescribed in this regard.

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22.	MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT
	No material change and commitments affecting financial position of the Company occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this report.
23.	CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO
	(A) Conservation of energy- Not Applicable (B) Technology absorption- Not Applicable (C) Foreign Exchange Earnings And Outgo: Not Applicable
24.	COST AUDIT
	The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
25.	RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY
	The Company has not developed and implemented a formal risk management policy for the Company. However, the Board of Directors periodically as a part of its review of the business consider and discuss the external and internal risk factors like market related, Government policy related matters that may threaten the existence of the Company.
26.	INTERNAL CONTROLS & THEIR ADEQUACY
	Your Company's internal control systems commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations. Your Company has adequate internal financial controls in place to ensure safeguarding of its assets, prevention of frauds and errors, protection against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorised, recorded and reported diligently in the Financial Statements.
27.	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
	The Directors would like to place on record their appreciation for the valuable co-operation extended to the Company by the employees of the Company, Government Departments and Bankers for their continuous support to the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of
RAS Cities And Townships Private Limited

Ravindra Desai
DIN: 07669211

Charushila Choche
DIN: 09029565

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27 September 2023

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Form AOC - 1
Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014
Statement Containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiary company

S no.	Name of the Subsidiary	Reporting Period	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate	Share Capital	Reserves and Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	(Rs. In lacs)				% of shareholding
											Profit/(Loss) before Tax	Provision for Tax	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	Proposed Dividend tax thereon	
1	Sony Many Developers Private Limited	31-Mar-23	INR	N.A.	1.00	-8,867.22	10,589.65	12,423.86	0.23	7,540.76	-9,151.26	-29.19	-9,122.07	-	100.00%
	Total				1.00	-8,867.22	10,589.65	12,423.86	0.23	7,540.76	-9,151.26	-29.19	-9,122.07	-	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Ras Cities And Townships Private Limited


Ravindra Desai
Director
DIN: 07669211


Charushila Choche
Director
DIN: 09029565

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27-09-2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the '*Basis for Qualified Opinion*' section of our report, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS under section 133, of the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As per Note 3 to the financial statements, carrying value of investments in equity shares of Sony Mony Developers Private Limited (SMDPL) has been disclosed at cost as at March 31, 2023. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of investment in SMDPL amounting to Rs. 25,584.45 (in `000s) and the consequent impact thereof on Other Comprehensive Income

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in



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accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our Opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1.	<p><u>Acquisition of 100% shares of SMDPL -</u> The Company has entered into Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) dated May 13, 2022 to acquire 100% stake in Sony Mony Developers Private Limited ("SMDPL") , for a total purchase consideration of Rs 25,584.45/- (in `000s) The Company has paid the amount as per MOU to the erstwhile shareholders of SMDPL and the shares have been duly transferred. However the Company and erstwhile shareholders of SMDPL did not execute a Share Purchase Agreement or any other legal document outlining the terms of purchase of shares of SMDPL. Recognition of the above transaction in the financial statements is considered as key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included, among others : We read the Memorandum of Understanding covering the initial terms of purchase of shares. Read the documents such as share transfer forms, board resolutions, etc.supporting the transfer of shares. Read the legal opinion obtained from external independent law firm on the matter of validity of the transaction basis the MOU.</p>

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Other Information. The "Other Information" comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's



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Information, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Independent Auditors' Report thereon. The Other Information as aforesaid is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the "Other Information" which will be made available to us after the date of this report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with the Standards on Auditing.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy

and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of



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accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit we also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone



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financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the attached Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of



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Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules thereon.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at March 31, 2023 which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There are no amounts that are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - iv. a.) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:

b.) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 10 (b) to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner



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whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

- c.) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that representations under sub clause (i) and (ii) of the Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company during the financial year covered by our audit.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014 for maintaining the books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Company (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For S V Yadav and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: September 27, 2023
UDIN - 23156541BGPQHZ3958



ANNEXURE A

To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

- (i) (a) The company does not have any fixed assets and hence the clause (i) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) are not applicable.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion the coverage and the procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. Discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed on such physical verification.
- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has made investments in, Companies and granted unsecured loans to other parties, during the year, in respect of which:

- (a) (i) The Company has made investments during the year, and the details of which are given below:

Particulars	Amount (Rs. In thousands)
Investment in 100% equity shares Of Sony Mony Developers Private Limited ('SMDPL')	25,584.45/-

- (ii) The Company has granted loans to companies during the year, and the details of which are given below:

Particulars	Amount (Rs. In thousands)
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year	
- Subsidiaries	5,99,415.55/-
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet Date in respect of above case	
- Subsidiaries	6,380.90/-

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case



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of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan given falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same party.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has given loans repayable on demand during the year which as stated below-

Particulars	Amount (Rs. In thousands)
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year	
- Subsidiaries	5,99,415.55/-
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet Date in respect of above case	
- Subsidiaries	6,380.90/-

The Company has not made investments in Firms and Limited Liability Partnerships during the year. Further the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties other than subsidiaries.

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to loans, investments, guarantees and security given by the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public pursuant to sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. As informed to us, there is no order that has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in respect of the said sections. Accordingly the provision of clause 3(v) is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fall within the criteria prescribed by the Central



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Government for maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Cess, Work Contract Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities during the year. However, according to the information and explanations given to us, the following undisputed tax were outstanding as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

Particulars	Amount (in `000s)
Tax Deducted at Source	1,818.63

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax or Sales Tax or Wealth Tax or Service Tax or duty of Customs or duty of Excise or Value Added Tax or Cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, as defined in the



S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture (as defined in the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2023.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act).

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) No whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company.

(xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company's transactions with its related party are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the IND AS



S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

financial statements, etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- (xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
- (xv) The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence the clause 3(xv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The nature of business and the activities of the Company are such that the Company is not required to obtain registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
- (xvii) The company had incurred cash losses of Rs.3,516.96 and Rs.14.90 (figures in '000s) in 2022-23 and 2021-22 respectively.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For S V Yadav and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: September 27, 2023
UDIN - 23156541BGPQHZ3958



Annexure - B
To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial
Statements of RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk



S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of Financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, and as described in Note 3, as the Company is unable to determine fair value of its investment in SMDPL as at March 31, 2023, a material weakness has been identified relating to inadequate internal financial controls over financial reporting in respect of the assessment of appropriateness of carrying amount of this investment.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the material weakness described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as of March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

For S V Yadav and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: September 27, 2023
UDIN - 23156541BGPQHZ3958



RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148
BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in Thousand Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As At March 31, 2023	As At March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	3	25,584.45	-
Total non-current assets		<u>25,584.45</u>	<u>-</u>
2 Current assets			
(a) Inventories	4	4,20,187.02	-
(b) Financials assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	5	308.06	11.96
(ii) Loans	6	6,380.90	1,76,445.84
(c) Other current assets	7	1,81,976.78	-
Total current assets		<u>6,08,852.76</u>	<u>1,76,457.80</u>
Total Assets		<u><u>6,34,437.21</u></u>	<u><u>1,76,457.80</u></u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
Equity share capital	8	100.00	100.00
Other equity	9	1,33,104.98	(4,407.89)
2 Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	10	4,94,500.00	1,80,000.00
(ii) Other financial liabilities	11	571.10	652.52
(b) Other current liabilities	12	1,818.63	
Current tax Liabilities (net)	13	4,342.50	113.17
		<u>5,01,232.23</u>	<u>1,80,765.69</u>
Total liabilities		<u><u>5,01,232.23</u></u>	<u><u>1,80,765.69</u></u>
Total Equity & Liabilities		<u><u>6,34,437.21</u></u>	<u><u>1,76,457.80</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : September 27, 2023




Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565


Director
Ravindra Desai
DIN No.07669211



RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31,2023 Rupees ('000)	Year ended March 31,2022 Rupees ('000)
I Revenue from operations			
II Other Income	14	1,70,000.00	
III Total income (I + II)		<u>1,70,000.00</u>	<u>-</u>
IV Expenses			
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		4,20,187.02	
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Stock-in-Trade	4	(4,20,187.02)	
Other expenses	15	28,257.80	14.90
Total expenses (IV)		<u>28,257.80</u>	<u>14.90</u>
V Profit/(loss) before tax and exceptional items		1,41,742.20	(14.90)
VI Exceptional items			
VII Profit/(loss) before tax		<u>1,41,742.20</u>	<u>(14.90)</u>
VIII Tax expenses			
Current tax		4,342.50	-
Excess provision for tax of earlier years		(113.17)	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Total tax expense		<u>4,229.33</u>	<u>-</u>
IX Profit/(loss) for the period		<u>1,37,512.87</u>	<u>(14.90)</u>
Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax		-	-
XI Total Comprehensive Income for the period		<u>1,37,512.87</u>	<u>(14.90)</u>
XII Earnings per equity share ('EPS')	16		
Basic		13,751.29	(1.49)
Diluted		13,751.29	(1.49)

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

Venkatesh S.Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541




Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565


Director
Ravindra Desai
DIN No.07669211

Place : Mumbai
Date : September 27, 2023



RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

	For the period ended March 31, 2023 Rupees ('000)	For the period ended March 31, 2022 Rupees ('000)
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :		
Net loss before tax and extraordinary items	1,41,742.20	(14.90)
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation		
Inter-corporate deposits no longer payable written back	(1,70,000.00)	
Provision made for doubtful loan receivable	24,740.84	
	<u>(1,45,259.16)</u>	<u>-</u>
Operating profit before working capital changes	<u>(3,516.96)</u>	<u>(14.90)</u>
Movements in working capital :		
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and other liabilities	1,737.21	14.90
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(6,02,163.80)	
	<u>(6,00,426.59)</u>	<u>14.90</u>
Cash (used in) / generated from the operations	<u>(6,03,943.55)</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Taxes paid	-	-
Net cash (used in) / generated from the operations	<u>(6,03,943.55)</u>	<u>-</u>
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES :		
Investment in subsidiary	(25,584.45)	
Sales/Disposals/Adjustments of fixed assets		
Capitalisation of expenses		
Preliminary expenses	(25,584.45)	
Net Cash used from investment activities	<u>(25,584.45)</u>	<u>-</u>
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :		
share application money returned		
Inter-corporate deposit given	(6,380.90)	
Inter-corporate deposit received	4,84,500.00	-
Payment received of Inter-corporate deposit granted earlier	1,51,705.00	-
Repayment of loan		-
Interest paid		-
	<u>6,29,824.10</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash used from financing activities	<u>6,29,824.10</u>	<u>-</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>296.10</u>	<u>-</u>
Closing balance	308.06	11.96
Opening balance	11.96	11.96
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>296.10</u>	<u>-</u>

Note : Figures in brackets denote outflows.

Components of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cheques on hand

With banks :

- On current account

308.06	11.96
<u>308.06</u>	<u>11.96</u>

As per our report of even date attached.

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541



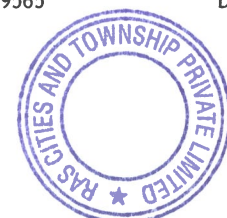
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited



Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565



Director
Ravindra Desai
DIN No.07669211



Place : Mumbai
Date : September 27, 2023

RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As At March 31, 2023		As At March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	Rs. In thousands	No. of shares	Rs. In thousands
Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period		10,000	100	10,000
Changes due to prior period errors		-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period		10,000	100	10,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period		10,000	100	10,000

A

Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus		Total
	Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	(4,392.99)		(4,392.99)
Changes during the year (Profit/loss)	(14.90)		(14.90)
Balance at the end of year ended March 31, 2022	(4,407.89)		(4,407.89)
Changes during the year (Profit/loss)	1,37,512.87		1,37,512.87
Balance at the end of year ended March 31, 2023	1,33,104.98		1,33,104.98

B

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : September 27, 2023

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited



[Signature]

Director
Ravindra Desai
DIN No.07669211

Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565

RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

1 Corporate profile

Ras Cities & Townships Private Limited ('the Company') was originally incorporated as Ras Meadows Private Limited ('RMPL') under the Companies Act, 1956, on August 7, 2005. The name of the Company was changed from Ras Meadows Private Limited ('RMPL') to Ras Cities & Townships Private Limited ('RCTPL') vide SRN A32541898 dated March 4, 2008. The entire equity stake of the Company was acquired by Gammon Project Developer Limited ('GPDL'), a wholly owned subsidiary of AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited) on May 6, 2008. The Company was incorporated to carry on the business of acquiring/developing Land, construction of residential and commercial flats buildings, apartments, farm houses, group houses, industrial complexes and to build townships, markets or other buildings and to equip the same or any part thereof with all or any amenities and to deal with the same in any manner whatsoever or consulting Engineers, Architects, town-planners, surveyors, valuers, appraisers, builders, decorators, furnishes, furniture makers, contractors, of every description, carriers, licensed valuers, house agents, exporters and importers, in one or all the objects.

2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are Separate Financial Statements as per Ind AS 27 - Separate Financial Statements and are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, on an accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company is done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company. The operating cycle of the business of the Company is less than twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of realisability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The accounting policies discussed more fully below, are consistent with those used in the previous year.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The operating cycle of the business of the Company is twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statement in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2 Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when :

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle or
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
 - It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when :

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

3 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price inclusive of taxes, commissioning expenses, etc. upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Significant spares which have a usage period in excess of one year are also considered as part of Property, Plant and Equipment and are depreciated over their useful life.

Decommissioning costs, if any, on Property, Plant and Equipment are estimated at their present value and capitalised as part of such assets.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

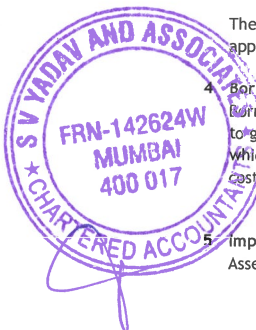
The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5 Impairment Loss

Assets with an indefinite useful life and goodwill are not amortized/ depreciated and are tested annually for impairment. Assets subject to



amortization/depreciation are tested for impairment provided that an event or change in circumstances indicates that their carrying amount might not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher between an asset's fair value less sale costs and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped together at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill for which impairment losses have been recognized are tested at each balance sheet date in the event that the loss has reversed.

6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stores and materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The weighted average method of inventory valuation is used to determine the cost.

7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits in banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

8 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision when it has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is likely that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the requirements for provisions above or the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the requirements for revenue recognition.

9 Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity, a defined benefit obligation is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation made at the end of each year/period on projected Unit Credit Method.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- ▶ The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- ▶ The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The current and non-current bifurcation is done as per Actuarial report.

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are payable as a result of the company's decision to terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognizes these benefits when it has demonstrably undertaken to terminate current employees' employment in accordance with a formal detailed plan that cannot be withdrawn, or to provide severance indemnities as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits that will not be paid within 12 months of the balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

10 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- ▶ In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ▶ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

11 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

12 Non-derivative financial instruments

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.



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ii) **Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

iii) **Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) **Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on the fair value of the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the products or services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers

To recognise revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach

- 1 identify the contract with a customer
- 2 Identify the performance obligations in the contract,
- 3 determine the transaction price
- 4 allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- 5 recognize revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied

The revenue is recognised when (or as) the performance obligation is satisfied, which typically occurs when (or as) control over the products or services is transferred to a customer

Contract modification are accounted for when addition, deletions or changes are approved either to the contract scope or contract price. The accounting for modification of contract involves assessment whether the services added to the existing Contract or distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catchup basis, while those that are distinct are accounted prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the separate service are priced at standalone selling price, or a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at standalone selling price.

Construction Contract revenues :

In accordance with the provisions laid down in Appendix V to the Ind AS 115, Service Concession Arrangement are recognised in exchange for grant of tolling rights, accounted at fair value of service rendered on Cost plus margin.

Finance income and other income :

Finance Income from Financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of Income can be measured reliably. The same is computed by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest Income from Financial Income is included under Other Income.

14 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

For items recognised in OCI or equity, deferred / current tax is also recognised in OCI or equity.

15 Earning per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss before OCI for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss before OCI for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

16 Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of services, the risk return profile of individual business, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Company.

17 Segment Composition:

The Company has been incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle for carrying on business of acquiring/developing Land, construction of residential and commercial properties.

Further, the Company's operations are within a single geographical segment which is India.

18 Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognised as a liability in the Company's annual accounts in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's equity holders.



RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in Thousand Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

3	Non-current Assets -Financial assets Investments	As At March 31,2023	As At March 31,2022
	Investments carried at cost - Unquoted Equity Instrument Sony Mony Developers Private Limited (10000 equity shares of face value Rs.10/- per share fully paid up)	25,584.45	-
		25,584.45	-

During the year the company has aquired 100% stake in Sony Mony developers Private Limited vide MOU dated 13th May,2022 for a total purchase consideration of Rs 2,55,84,450/- which has been paid to the erswhile Shareholders. In addition to above the company has also infused an amount of Rs 59,94,15,550/- (Partly as advance of purchase of inventory and partly as ICD) for the purpose of repayment of Borrowing from the Promoter group entities as per the MOU.

4	Current Assets Inventories	As At March 31,2023	As At March 31,2022
	Residential Flats	43,025.67	-
	Commercial Shops	3,77,161.35	-
		4,20,187.02	-

Please refer Note 3 above

5	Current Assets - Financial assets Cash and cash equivalent	As At March 31,2023	As At March 31,2022
	Balances with banks On Current Account	308.06	11.96
		308.06	11.96

IndAS
As on March 31,2023 (Rs.)

6	Loans	Outstanding Loan	% of total loans
a)	Type of Borrower - Related parties		
	Intercompany deposits - AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	-	-
	Earthlink Infrastructure Projects Pvt. Limited	-	-
	Gammon India Limited*	24,740.84	387.73%
	Less - Provision for Gammon India Limited	(24,740.84)	-387.73%
	Sony Mony Developers Private Limited*	6,380.90	100.00%
	Total Loans	6,380.90	100.00%

(All above loans are Interest free repayable on demand)

*Balance is subject to confirmation

IndAS
As on March 31,2022 (Rs.)

6	Loans	Outstanding Loan	% of total loans
	Type of Borrower - Related parties		
	Intercompany deposits - AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	1,49,505.00	84.73%
	Earthlink Infrastructure Projects Pvt. Limited	2,200.00	1.25%
	Gammon India Limited*	24,740.84	14.02%
	Sony Mony Developers Private Limited*	-	0.00%
	Total Loans	1,76,445.84	100.00%

(All above loans are Interest free repayable on demand)

*Balance is subject to confirmation

The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

- b) (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

7	Other current assets	As At March 31,2023	As At March 31,2022
	*Advance paid to related party for purchase of inventory - Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	1,81,862.56	-
	Advance to staff	0.22	-
	Advance to others	114.00	-
		1,81,976.78	-

*Please refer Note 3 above

- 8 Equity Share capital
(i) Authorised share capital

At March 31,2022
At March 31,2023



	Equity shares		
	No's		In Rs
	10,000		100.00
	10,000		100.00



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(ii) Issued equity share capital		
Equity shares of Rs 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid.	No's	In Rs
At March 31, 2022	10,000	100.00
At March 31, 2023	10,000	100.00

a) Shares held by holding Company	As At	
	March 31, 2022 and 2023	
Gammon Projects Developers Limited ('GPDL')	10,000	100.00

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity shares		As At	
		March 31, 2022 and 2023	
Particulars	Numbers	Rupees	
At the beginning of the period	10,000	100.00	
Issued during the period - Bonus Issue	-	-	
Issued during the period - ESOP	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the period	10,000	100.00	

c) The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

d) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

e) Details of shareholding more than 5% shares in the Company	As At March 31, 2022 and 2023	
	No's	% holding
Gammon Projects Developers Limited ('GPDL')	10,000	100%

f) Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2022-23
Gammon Projects Developers Limited ('GPDL') (Holding Company)	10,000	100%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	10,000		

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2022

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2021-22
Gammon Projects Developers Limited ('GPDL') (Holding Company)	10,000	100%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	10,000		

9 Other Equity

Retained Earning

Particulars	As At March 31, 2023	As At March 31, 2022
Surplus / (deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per the last financials	(4,407.89)	(4,392.99)
Add : Profit / (Loss) for the period	1,37,512.87	(14.90)
	1,33,104.98	(4,407.89)
Total reserves and surplus	1,33,104.98	(4,407.89)

Current Liabilities - Financial Liabilities

10 Borrowings	As At March 31, 2023	As At March 31, 2022
a) Related parties -		
ICD - AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	3,70,000.00	-
(Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)		
ICD - Gammon Renewable Energy Infrastructure Projects Limited	64,500.00	-
(Refer Note 10(b))		
ICD - Gammon India Ltd*	10,000.00	10,000.00
ICD - Ansaldo Caldie Boilers India Pvt Ltd*	-	1,50,000.00
Others :		
ICD-Sri City Private Limited*		20,000.00
ICD-Consolidated Infrastructure Company Private Limited*	50,000.00	-
* (The said loans are interest free and repayable on demand & the said balances are subject to confirmation)		
	4,94,500.00	1,80,000.00

b) The Company has received fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

or



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The details of date and amount of fund received from Funding Party during the year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Name of the Funding Party	Registered address of the Funding Party	Relationship with the Funding Party	Date on which fund received	Amount * (in ₹ thousand)
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	THIRD FLOOR, PLOT NO.3/8, HAMILTON HOUSE, J.N. HEREDIA MARG, BALLARD ESTATE MUMBAI - 400 038	Ultimate Holding Company	Apr 20, 2022	4,01,500.00
			May 13, 2022	12,500.00
			Jan 13, 2023	6,000.00
				<u>4,20,000.00</u>
Gammon Renewable Energy Infrastructure Projects Limited	THIRD FLOOR, PLOT NO.3/8, HAMILTON HOUSE, J.N. HEREDIA MARG, BALLARD ESTATE MUMBAI - 400 038	Fellow subsidiary	May 13, 2022	37,500.00
			May 17, 2022	25,000.00
			July 25, 2022	2,000.00
				<u>64,500.00</u>

* During the year ended March 31, 2023, the company had received funds from :

- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Ultimate Holding Company)
- Gammon Renewable Energy Infrastructure Projects Limited (Fellow Subsidiary)
 - for investing in 100% equity shares of Sony Mony Developers Private Limited.
 - to provide intercorporate loan / Advance against purchase of Property to Sony Mony Developers Private Limited.

The details of date and amount of fund further invested by the company to the ultimate beneficiaries during the year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Name of the Other Party	Registered address of the	Relationship with the	Date of	Amount
Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	THIRD FLOOR, PLOT NO.3/8, HAMILTON HOUSE, J.N. HEREDIA MARG, BALLARD ESTATE MUMBAI - 400 038	Step down subsidiary of the Ultimate Holding Company	Apr 20, 2022	4,01,500.00
			May 13, 2022	12,500.00
			May 13, 2022	37,500.00
			May 17, 2022	25,000.00
			July 25, 2022	2,000.00
			Jan 13, 2023	6,000.00
	<u>4,84,500.00</u>			

	As At March 31, 2023	As At March 31, 2022
11 Other financial liabilities		
Audit fees payable	25.00	11.80
Other Liabilities	507.13	-
Dues to related parties - AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (for expenses) (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	38.97	640.72
	<u>571.10</u>	<u>652.52</u>
12 Other current liabilities		
Statutory dues payable - TDS	1,818.63	-
	<u>1,818.63</u>	<u>-</u>
13 Current tax Liabilities (net)		
Income Tax Payable - Current Year	4,342.50	-
	<u>4,342.50</u>	<u>-</u>



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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in Thousand Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

14 Other Income

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Inter-corporate deposits no longer payable written back	1,70,000.00	-
	<u>1,70,000.00</u>	<u>-</u>

15 Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Bank charges	0.68	-
Motor Car hire charges	9.73	-
Interest on delay deposit of TDS	771.00	-
Mutation Fees	114.00	-
Printing & Stationery	3.25	-
Professional Fees	366.43	-
Stamp duty charges	0.55	-
Travelling Expenses	306.35	-
Advertisement Expenses	10.89	-
Festival Expenses	110.00	-
Franking Charges	10.19	-
Hotel Expenses	3.88	-
Conveyance Expenses	0.80	-
Postage & Courier Expenses	0.42	-
Provision made for doubtful loan receivable	24,740.84	-
Repairs & Maintenance Expenses	1,775.18	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	4.71	-
ROC fees	3.90	3.10
Payment to auditors as statutory audit fees	25.00	11.80
Total other expenses	<u>28,257.80</u>	<u>14.90</u>

16 Earnings per share ('EPS')

The following reflects the profit and equity share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computation.

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Profit/(loss) after tax	1,37,512.87	(14.90)
Outstanding equity shares at the end of the period	10,000	10,000
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating E	10,000	10,000
Nominal value of equity shares	10	10
Basic EPS	13,751.29	(1.49)
Diluted EPS	13,751.29	(1.49)

17 Segment reporting

The Company's operations constitutes a single business segment namely "Infrastructure Development" as per INDAS 108. Further, the Company's operations are within single geographical segment which is India. As such, there is no separate reportable segment under Ind AS - 108 on Operating Segments.

18 Related party transactions

a) Names of the related parties and related party relationships

Related parties where control exists :

- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited) - Ultimate Holding company
- Gammon Projects Developers Limited - Intermediate Holding company
- Sony Momy Developers Private Limited - Wholly owned subsidiary
- Earthlink Infrastructure Projects Pvt. Ltd. - Fellow subsidiary
- Gammon India Limited - Entity having significant influence
- Ansaldo Caldie Boilers India Private Limited - a subsidiary of the Entities having significant influence

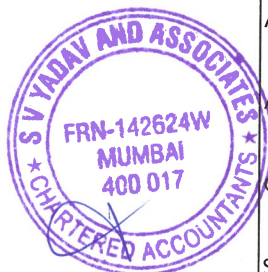
b) Related party transactions

Transactions	Holding Company/Fellow Subsidiary
Expenses incurred on behalf of the company by : AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	42.14



SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in Thousand Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	(14.73)
Expenses incurred by the company on behalf of : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	80.90 (-)
Re-imburement of expenses incurred on behalf of the company to: AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	643.88 (-)
Inter-corporate deposit received from : AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Net of Refund)	3,70,000.00 (-)
Gammon Renewable Energy Infrastructure Projects Limited	64,500.00 (-)
Inter-corporate deposit given to : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	55,715.55 (-)
Re-payment of inter-corporate deposit received from: Earthlink Infrastructure Projects Pvt. Ltd.	2,200.00 (-)
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	1,49,505.00 (-)
Inter-corporate deposit - Refund Received : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	49,415.55 (-)
Advance paid (incl. TDS deducted) for purchase of inventory to : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	5,55,555.56 (-)
Purchase of inventory from : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	3,73,693.00 (-)
Outstanding balance (advance paid un-adjusted) of : Sony Mony Developers Private Limited	1,81,862.56
Outstanding balances receivable : AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	- (1,49,505.00)
Earthlink Infrastructure Projects Pvt. Ltd.	- (2,200.00)
Gammon India Limited	24,740.84 (24,740.84)
Sony Mony Developers Private Limited (ICD)	6,300.00 (-)
Outstanding balance payable : AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (for expenses)	38.97 (640.72)
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (ICD)	3,70,000.00 (-)
Gammon Renewable Energy Infrastructure Projects Limited	64,500.00 (-)
Sony Mony Developers Private Limited (Expenses)	80.90 (-)



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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in Thousand Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

Gammon India Limited	10,000.00 (10,000.00)
Ansaldo Caldie Boilers India Private Limited	1,50,000.00 (1,50,000.00)
Provision made for outstanding balance receivable : Gammon India Limited	(24,740.84) (-)

(Previous period's figure in brackets)

19 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

20 Investment during the year

During the year the company has acquired 100% stake in Sony Mony developers Private Limited vide MOU dated May 13, 2022 for a total purchase consideration of Rs 2,55,84,450/- which has been paid to the erstwhile Shareholders. In addition to above the company has also infused an amount of Rs 59,94,15,550/- (Partly as advance of purchase of inventory and partly as ICD) for the purpose of repayment of Borrowing from the Promoter group entities as per the MOU.

21 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

As per the information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises, as defined in the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal or interest.

The above information regarding Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

- 23 (i) As per the management, the Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off
(ii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period
(iii) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
(iv) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
(v) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

24 Prior period comparatives

Prior period figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary. Current period's figures are for the period from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023 and that of previous period are for the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : September 27, 2023



For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
RAS Cities & Townships Private Limited

Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565

Director
Ravindra Desai
DIN No.07669211



RAS CITIES & TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U70102TG2005PTC047148
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

22 Ratio analysis and its elements

Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator/ Denominator	Ratio (2022- 23)	Ratio (2021- 22)	% of Variatio n	Reason for variance
1	Current ratio	<u>Current Asset</u> Current Liabilities	1.21	0.98	24.44	No significant change
2	Debt-Equity ratio	<u>Total Debts</u> Shareholders Equity	3.76	(41.96)	(108.97)	The variation is due to increase in short-term borrowings
3	Debt Service Coverage ratio	<u>Earnings available for debt service</u> Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	Funds raised via borrowing from holding company which is repayable on demand. Hence this ratio is not calculated
4	Return on Equity ratio (ROE)	<u>Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend</u> Average Shareholder's Equity	NA	NA	NA	The ratio measures the profitability of equity funds invested in the Company. Since there are no profits in the Company the ratio is not computed.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	<u>Cost of goods sold OR sales</u> Average Inventory Net Credit Sales	NA	NA	NA	The ratio establishes the relationship between the cost of goods sold during the period or sales during the period and average inventory held during the period. Since there is no inventory the ratio is not computed.
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	<u>Net Credit Purchases</u> Average Accounts Receivable	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no trade receivable in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	<u>Net Credit Purchases</u> Average Trade Payables	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no credit purchases in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
8	Net capital turnover ratio	<u>Net Sales</u> Average working capital	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
9	Net profit ratio	<u>Net Profit after Tax</u> Net Sales	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
10	Return on Capital employed (ROCE)	<u>Earning before interest and taxes</u> Capital Employed	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no Earning before interest and taxes in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
11	Return on Investment (ROI)	$\frac{\{MV(T1) - MV(T0) - \text{Sum } [C(t)]\}}{\{MV(T0) + \text{Sum } [W(t) * C(t)]\}}$	NA	NA	NA	Return on investment (ROI) is a financial ratio used to calculate the benefit an investor will receive in relation to their investment cost

Where:

T1 = End of time period

T0 = Beginning of time period

t = Specific date falling between T1 and T0

MV(T1) = Market Value at T1

MV(T0) = Market Value at T0

C(t) = Cash inflow, cash outflow on specific date

W(t) = Weight of the net cash flow (i.e. either net inflow or net outflow) on day 't', calculated as $[T1 - t] / T1$

Companies may provide ROI separately for each asset class (e.g., equity, fixed income, money market, etc.).